



## NTE7051 Integrated Circuit 1W BTL Mono Audio Amplifier

### **Description:**

The NTE7051 is a mono output amplifier in a 8-Lead DIP style plastic package designed for use in battery-fed portable audio applications, such as tape recorders and radios.

This device uses the Bridge-Tied-Load principle (BTL) which can deliver an output power of 1.2W (THD = 10%) into an 8Ω load with a power supply of 6V. The load can be short-circuited at each signal excursion.

### **Features:**

- No External Components
- No Switch-On or Switch-Off Clicks
- Good Overall Stability
- Low Power Consumption
- No External Heatsink Required
- Short-Circuit Proof

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings:**

Supply Voltage, $V_P$ .....	18V
Non-Repetitive Peak Output Current, $I_{OSM}$ .....	1.5A
Total Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ), $P_{tot}$ .....	1.15W
Operating Junction Temperature, $T_C$ .....	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range, $T_{stg}$ .....	-65° to +150°C

### **Electrical Characteristics:** ( $V_P = 6\text{V}$ , $R_L = 8\Omega$ , $f = 1\text{kHz}$ , $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage Range	$V_P$		3	6	15	V
Total Quiescent Current	$I_{tot}$	$R_L = \infty$	—	4	8	mA
Voltage Gain	$G_V$		39	40	41	dB
Output Power	$P_O$	THD = 10%	—	1.2	—	W

**Electrical Characteristics (Cont'd):** ( $V_P = 6V$ ,  $R_L = 8\Omega$ ,  $f = 1\text{kHz}$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Noise Output Voltage (RMS)	$V_{no(rms)}$	Note 1	—	150	300	$\mu\text{V}$
		Note 2	—	60	—	$\mu\text{V}$
Frequency Response	$f_r$		20 to 20k		Hz	
Supply Voltage Ripple Rejection	SVRR	Note 3	40	50	—	dB
DC Output Offset Voltage (Pin5 to Pin8)	$\Delta V_{5-8}$	$R_S = 5\text{k}\Omega$	—	—	100	$\text{mV}$
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$P_O = 0.1\text{W}$	—	0.2	—	%
Input Impedance	$ Z_I $		—	100	—	$\text{k}\Omega$
Input Bias Current	$I_{bias}$		—	100	300	nA

Note 1. The unweighted RMS noise output voltage is measured at a bandwidth of 60Hz to 15kHz with a source impedance ( $R_S$ ) of  $5\text{k}\Omega$ .

Note 2. The RMS noise output voltage is measured at a bandwidth of 5kHz with a source impedance of  $0\Omega$  and a frequency of 500kHz. With a practical load ( $R = 8\Omega$ ,  $L = 200\mu\text{H}$ ) the noise output current is only 100nA.

Note 3. Ripple Rejection is measured at the output with a source impedance of  $0\Omega$  and a frequency between 100Hz and 10kHz. The ripple voltage = 200mV (RMS value) is applied to the positive supply rail.

