

# KA556 Dual Timer

#### **Features**

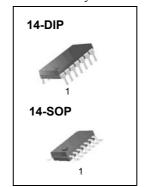
- Replaces two KA555 Timers
- Operates in Both Astable and Monos Table Modes
- · High Output Current
- TTL Compatible
- · Timing From Microsecond to Hours
- Adjustable Duty Cycle
- Temperature Stability of 0.005% Per °C

# **Applications**

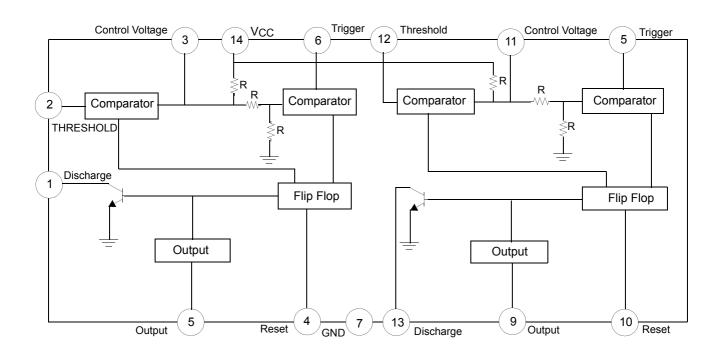
- · Precision Timing
- · Pulse Shaping
- · Pulse Width Modulation
- Frequency Division
- · Traffic Light Control
- Sequential Timing
- · Pulse Generator
- · Time Delay Generator
- Touch Tone Encoder
- Tone Burst Generator

## **Description**

The KA556 series dual monolithic timing circuits are a highly stable controller capable of producing accurate time delays or oscillation. The KA556 is a dual KA555. Timing is provided an external resistor and capacitor for each timing function. The two timers operate independently of each other, sharing only VCC and ground. The circuits may be triggered and reset on falling waveforms. The output structures may sink or source 200mA.



# **Internal Block Diagram**



# Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	16	V
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10sec)	TLEAD	300	°C
Power Dissipation	PD	600	mW
Operating Temperature Range KA556/KA556I	TOPR	0 ~ +70 / -40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	TSTG	-65 ~ +150	°C

### **Electrical Characteristics**

(TA =  $25^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>CC</sub> =  $5 \sim 15$ V, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-	4.5	-	16	V
Supply Current *1(Two Timers) (Low State)	Icc	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = ∞ V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V, R <sub>L</sub> = ∞	-	5 16	12 30	mA mA
Timing Error *2(Monos Table) Initial Accuracy Drift with Temperature Drift with Supply Voltage	ACCUR $R_A = 2k\Omega$ to $100k\Omega$ $C = 0.1μF$ $T = 1.1RC$		-	0.75 50 0.1	-	% ppm/°C %/V
Control Voltage	Vcc	VCC = 15V	9.0	10.0	11.0	V
		VCC = 5V	2.6	3.33	4.0	V
Threshold Voltage	VTH	VCC = 15V	8.8	10.0	11.2	V
Threshold Voltage	V 111	VCC = 5V	2.4	3.33	4.2	V
Threshold Current*3	ITH	-	-	30	250	nA
Trigger Voltage	VTR	VCC = 15V	4.5	5.0	5.6	V
Trigger Voltage	VIK	VCC = 5V	1.1	1.6	2.2	V
Trigger Current	ITR	VTR = 0V	-	0.01	2.0	μΑ
Reset Voltage*5	VRST	-	0.4	0.6	1.0	V
Reset Current	IRST	-	-	0.03	0.6	mA
Low Output Voltage	VoL	VCC = 15V ISINK = 10mA ISINK = 50mA ISINK = 100mA ISINK = 200mA VCC = 5V ISINK = 8mA ISINK = 5mA	-	0.1 0.4 2.0 2.5 0.25 0.15	0.25 0.75 3.2 0.35 0.25	V
High Output Voltage	Voн	VCC = 15V ISOURCE = 200mA ISOURCE = 100mA	12.75	12.5 13.3	-	V
		VCC = 5V ISOURCE = 100mA	2.75	3.3	-	V
Rise Time of Output	tR	-	-	100	300	ns
Fall Time of Output	tF	-	-	100	300	ns
Discharge Leakage Current	lkg	-	_	10	100	nA
Matching Characteristics*4 Initial Accuracy Drift with Temperature Drfit with Supply Voltage	ACCUR Δt/ΔT Δt/ΔVCC	-	-	1.0 10 0.2	2.0 0.5	% ppm/°C %/V
Timing Error (astable)*2 Initial Accuracy Drift with Temperature Drift with Supply Voltage	ACCUR Δt/ΔT Δt/ΔVcc	$V_{CC}$ = 15 $V$ RA,RB = 1 $k\Omega$ to 100 $k\Omega$ C = 0.1 $\mu$ F	-	2.25 150 0.3	-	% ppm/°C %/V

#### Notes:

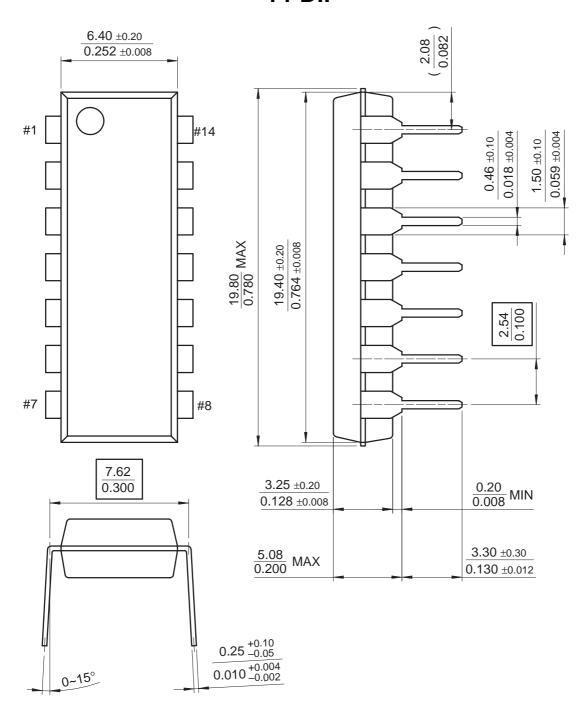
- 1. Supply current when output is high is typically 1.0mA less at V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V
- 2. Tested at Vcc = 5V and Vcc = 15V
- 3. This will determine the maximum value of RA + RB for 15V operation. The maximum total R =  $20M\Omega$ , and for 5V operation the maximum total R =  $6.6M\Omega$ .
- 4. Matching characteristics refer to the difference between performance characteristics of each timer section in the monostable mode.
- 5. As reset voltage lowers, timing is inhibited and then the output goes low.

## **Mechanical Dimensions**

### **Package**

#### **Dimensions in millimeters**

# **14-DIP**

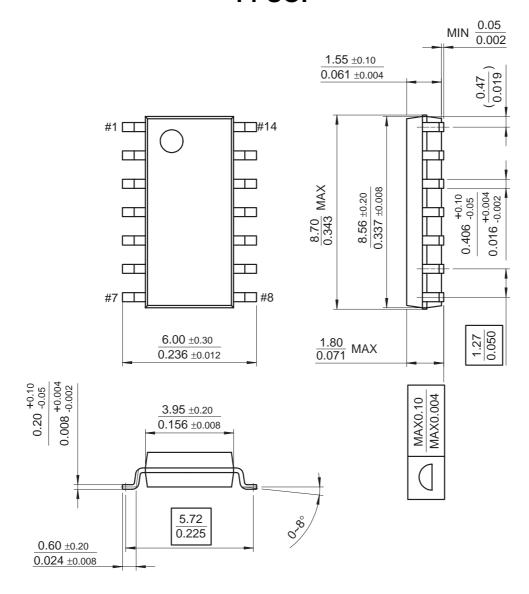


# **Mechanical Dimensions** (Continued)

### **Package**

#### **Dimensions in millimeters**

# **14-SOP**



## **Ordering Information**

Product Number	Package	Operating Temperature	
KA556	14-DIP	0 ~ +70°C	
KA556D	14-SOP	0~+70 C	
KA556I	14-DIP	-40 ~ +85°C	
KA556ID	14-SOP	-40 % <del>18</del> 3 C	

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