



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AON2803**

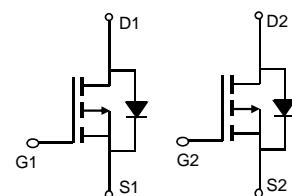
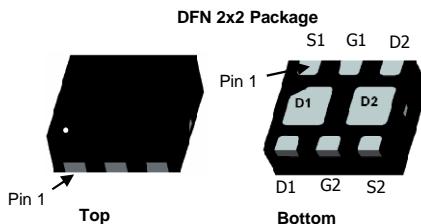
**20V Dual P-Channel MOSFET**

### General Description

The AON2803 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , low gate charge and operation with gate voltage as low as 1.8V. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications.

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	-20V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=-4.5V$ )	-3.8A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-4.5V$ )	< 70mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-2.5V$ )	< 90mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-1.8V$ )	< 115mΩ



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-20	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 8$	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	-3.8	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		-3	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	-20	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_D$	1.5	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$		0.95	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	35	45	°C/W
Steady-State		65	85	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>B</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	120	155	°C/W
Steady-State		175	235	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-20			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-20\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			-1	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 8\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-0.4	-0.6	-1	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-20			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-3.8\text{A}$		58	70	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		78	94	
		$V_{GS}=-2.5\text{V}, I_D=-3\text{A}$		70	90	
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{GS}=-1.8\text{V}, I_D=-2\text{A}$		85	115	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.66	-1	V
$I_s$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-2	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-10\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		560		$\text{pF}$
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			80		$\text{pF}$
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			70		$\text{pF}$
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		15	30	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-3.8\text{A}$		8.5	12	$\text{nC}$
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			1.2		$\text{nC}$
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			2.1		$\text{nC}$
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=-10\text{V}, R_L=2.6\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		7.2		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			36		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			53		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			56		ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-3.8\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		37		ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-3.8\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		27		$\text{nC}$

A: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta JA}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ .

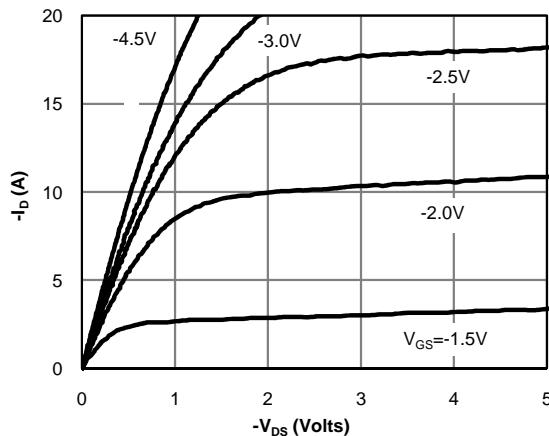
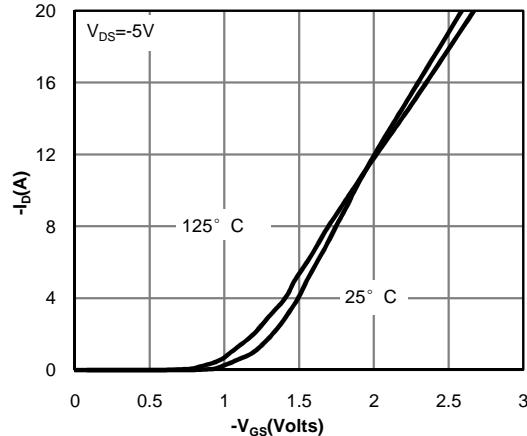
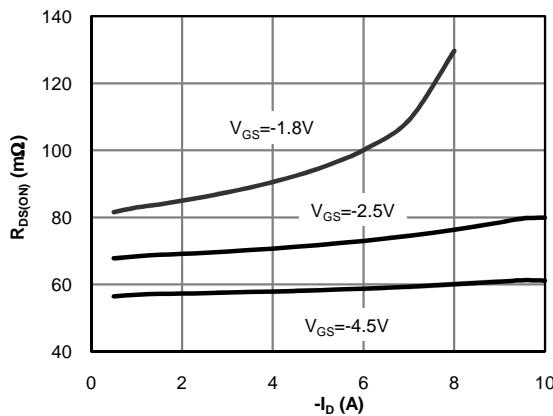
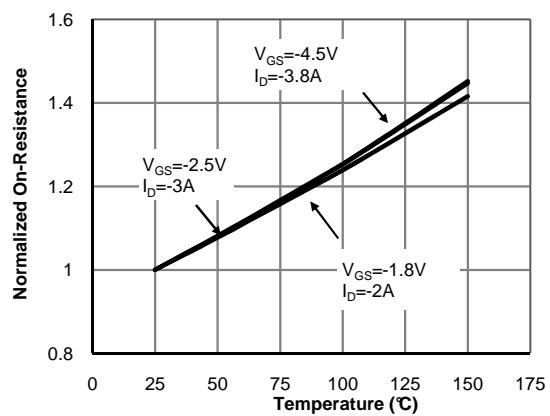
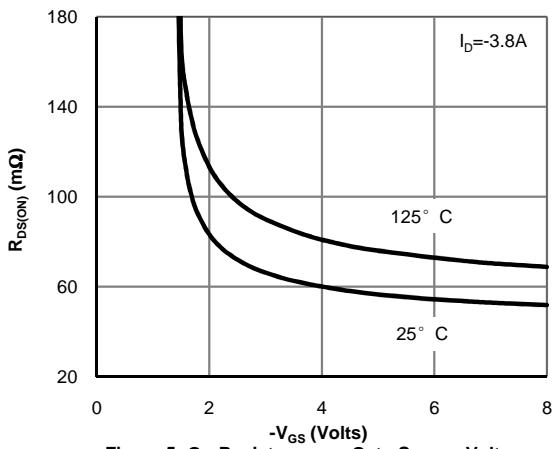
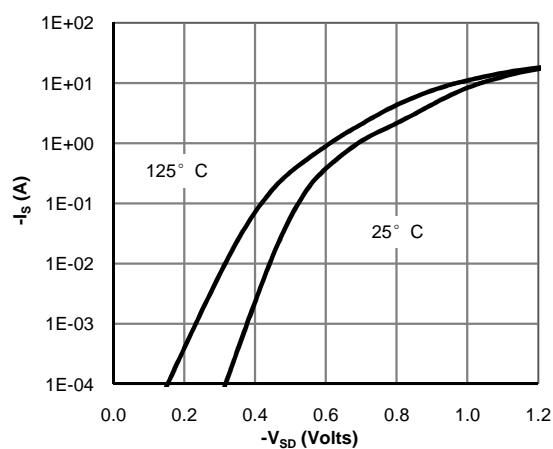
B: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on a minimum pad board. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta JA}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ .

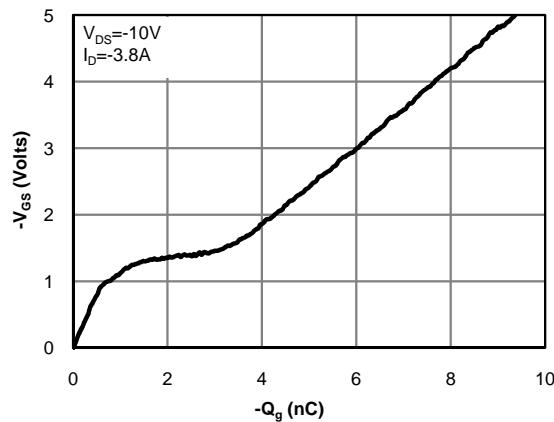
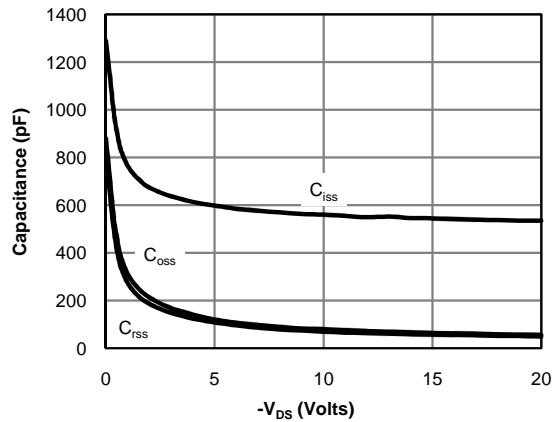
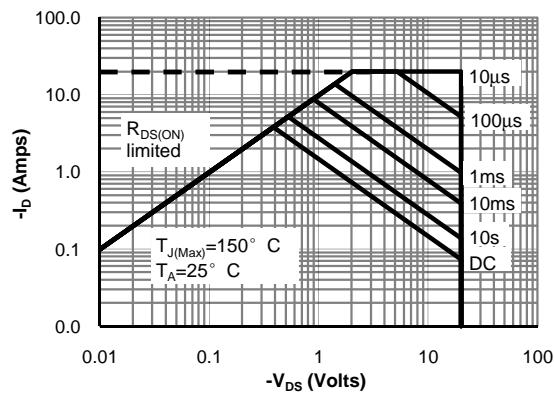
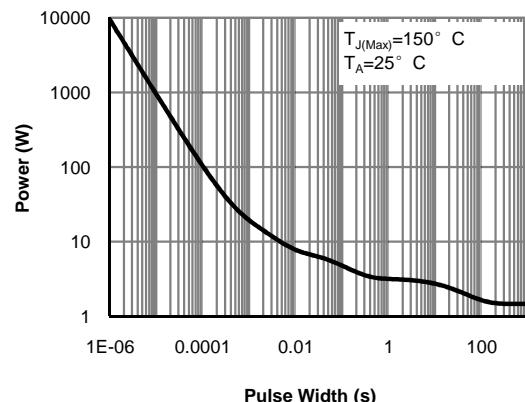
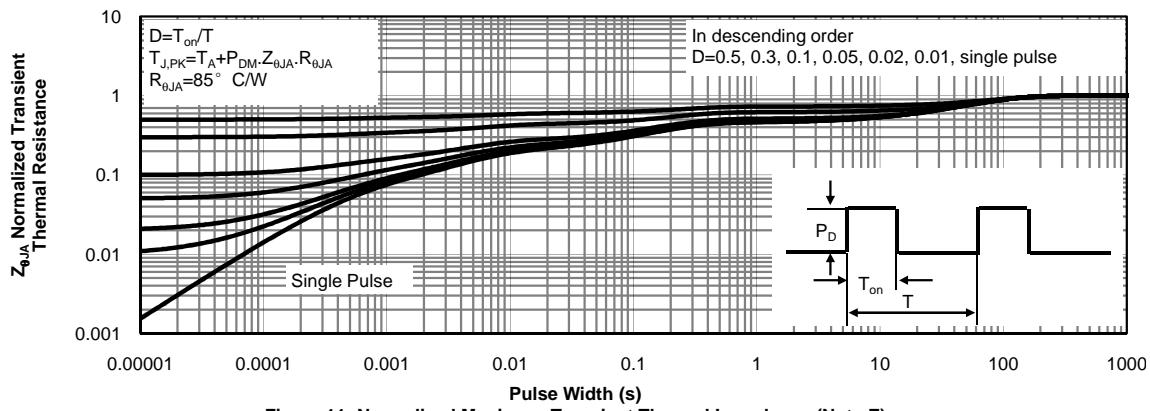
C: The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

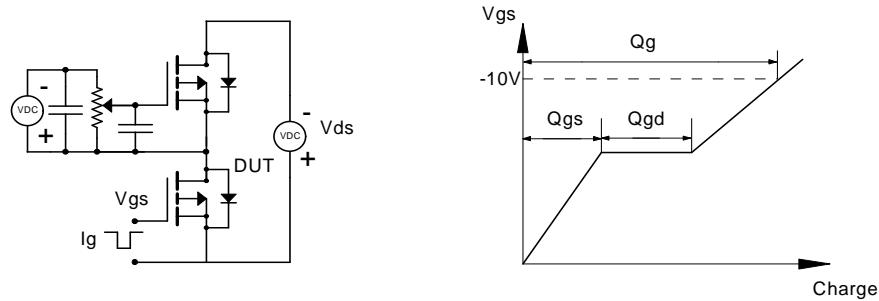
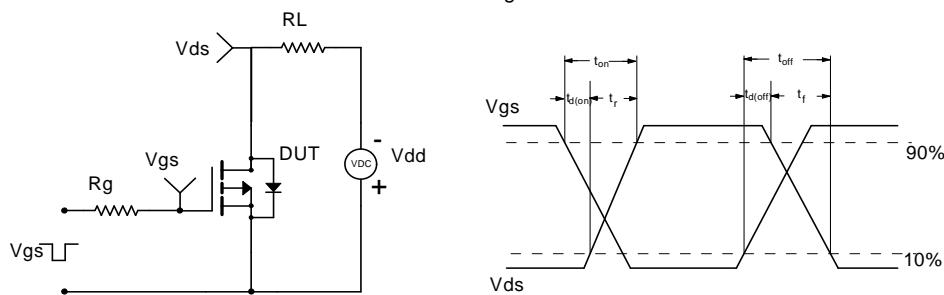
D: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**

**Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)**

**Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)**

**Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note E)**


**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**

**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms**
